

# BFY 44 BFY 70

SILIZIUM - NPN - PLANAR - EPITAXIAL - TRANSISTOREN  
für Senderstufen mittlerer Leistung

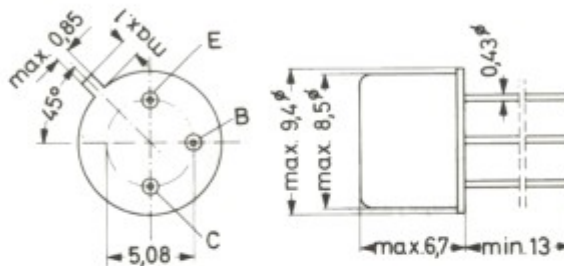
## Mechanische Daten:

Gehäuse: Metall, JEDEC TO-39, 5 C 3 nach DIN 41 873

Der Kollektor ist mit dem Metallgehäuse verbunden.

Für isolierten Einbau und zur Erzielung niedriger Wärmewiderstände ist entsprechendes Montagezubehör unter der Typenbezeichnung 56 218 getrennt lieferbar.

Maßangaben in mm.



## Kurzdaten:

|                                                                                 |                                | BFY 44 | BFY 70           |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|------------------|
| Kollektor-Sperrspannung                                                         | $U_{CB\ 0} = \text{max.}$      | 80     | 60 V             |
| Kollektor-Emitter-Sperrspannung                                                 | $U_{CE\ 0} = \text{max.}$      | 60     | 40 V             |
| Kollektorstrom                                                                  | $I_C = \text{max.}$            | 1      | A                |
| Gesamtverlustleistung<br>bei $\vartheta_G = 100\ ^\circ\text{C}$                | $P_{\text{tot}} = \text{max.}$ | 2,85   | W                |
| Sperrschichttemperatur                                                          | $\vartheta_J = \text{max.}$    | 200    | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Gleichstromverstärkung<br>bei $U_{CB} = 10\ \text{V}$ , $-I_E = 150\ \text{mA}$ | B =                            | 20     |                  |
| Transit-Frequenz<br>bei $U_{CE} = 10\ \text{V}$ , $-I_E = 100\ \text{mA}$       | $f_T =$                        | 210    | MHz              |
| Ausgangsleistung                                                                | $P_2 \geq$                     | 1,7    | 1,2 W            |
| Leistungsverstärkung                                                            | $V_P \geq$                     | 6      | 6 dB             |
|                                                                                 | $U_{\text{bat}} =$             | 40     | 28 V             |



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Absolute Grenzwerte: (gültig bis  $\vartheta_J \text{ max}$ )

|                                                    | BFY 44                            | BFY 70             |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Kollektor-Sperrspannung bei $I_E = 0$ :            | $U_{CB\ 0} = \text{max. } 80$     | $60 \text{ V}$     |
| Kollektor-Emitter-Sperrspannung<br>bei $I_B = 0$ : | $U_{CE\ 0} = \text{max. } 60$     | $40 \text{ V}$     |
| Emitter-Sperrspannung bei $I_C = 0$ :              | $U_{EB\ 0} =$                     | $4 \text{ V}$      |
| Kollektorstrom:                                    | $I_C = \text{max. } 1,0$          | $\text{A}$         |
| Basisstrom:                                        | $I_B = \text{max. } 0,2$          | $\text{A}$         |
| Emitterstrom:                                      | $-I_E = \text{max. } 1,2$         | $\text{A}$         |
| Gesamtverlustleistung:                             | $P_{\text{tot}} = \text{max. } 5$ | $\text{W}^1)$      |
| Sperrschichttemperatur:                            | $\vartheta_J = \text{max. } 200$  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Lagerungstemperatur:                               | $\vartheta_S = \text{min. } -65$  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
|                                                    | $\vartheta_S = \text{max. } 200$  | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

Wärmewiderstand:

Wärmewiderstand zwischen Sperrschicht und Gehäuse:  $R_{th\ G} \leq 35 \text{ grd/W}$

Wärmewiderstand bei Verwendung des Montagezubehörs 56 218 und eines Kühlbleches von  $12,5 \text{ cm}^2$  mit einer zentralen Bohrung von  $7,8 \text{ mm } \varnothing$  ( $R_{th\ K} = 35 \text{ grd/W}$ )

bei Montagefolge a

(Oberplatte - Unterplatte - Isolierscheibe - Kühlblech):  $R_{th\ U} \leq 80 \text{ grd/W}$

bei Montagefolge b

(Oberplatte - Isolierscheibe - Kühlblech):  $R_{th\ U} \leq 100 \text{ grd/W}$

bei Montagefolge c

(Oberplatte - Kühlblech; nichtisolierte Montage):  $R_{th\ U} \leq 75 \text{ grd/W}$



<sup>1)</sup> siehe Grenzkurve  $P_{\text{tot max}} = f(\vartheta_G, \vartheta_U)$

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Kennwerte: (bei  $\vartheta_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , sofern nicht anders angegeben)

|                                                                              |                                         | BFY_44        | BFY_70                            |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Kollektor-Reststrom</b>                                                   |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $U_{CB} = 28\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ :                                     | $I_{CB\ 0}$                             | =             | $3(\leq 500)\text{ nA}^+)$        |
| bei $U_{CB} = 28\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $\vartheta_U = 150^\circ\text{C}$ : | $I_{CB\ 0}$                             | =             | $1,5(\leq 50)\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ |
| bei $U_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ :                                     | $I_{CB\ 0}$                             | =             | $3(\leq 500)\text{ nA}^+)$        |
| bei $U_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $\vartheta_U = 150^\circ\text{C}$ : | $I_{CB\ 0}$                             | =             | $1,5(\leq 50)\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ |
| <b>Emitter-Reststrom</b>                                                     |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $U_{EB} = 1\text{ V}$ , $I_C = 0$ :                                      | $I_{EB\ 0}$                             | =             | $1(\leq 500)\text{ nA}$           |
| <b>Kollektor-Emitter-Durchbruchspannung</b>                                  |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $I_C = 0,5\text{ mA}$ , $U_{BE} = 0$ :                                   | $U_{(BR)\ CE\ S}$                       | $\geq 80$     | $60\text{ V}^+)$                  |
| bei $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ , $R_{BE} = 10\text{ }\Omega$ :                      | $U_{(BR)\ CE\ R}$                       | $\geq 80$     | $60\text{ V}^+)$                  |
| bei $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 0$ :                                       | $U_{(BR)\ CE\ 0}$                       | $\geq 60$     | $40\text{ V}^+)$                  |
| <b>Emitter-Durchbruchspannung</b>                                            |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $I_E = 0,1\text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 0$ :                                      | $U_{(BR)\ EB\ 0}$                       | $= 6(\geq 4)$ | $6(\geq 4)\text{ V}^+)$           |
| <b>Kollektor-Emitter-Restspannung</b>                                        |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$ :                          | $U_{CE\ sat}$                           | =             | $0,4(\leq 0,7)\text{ V}^+)$       |
| <b>Basisspannung</b>                                                         |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ , $I_B = 100\text{ mA}$ :                          | $U_{BE\ sat}$                           | =             | $1,0(\leq 1,5)\text{ V}^+)$       |
| <b>Gleichstromverstärkung</b>                                                |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $-I_E = 500\text{ mA}$ , $U_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$ :                         | B                                       | =             | $20(\geq 5)^+)$                   |
| bei $-I_E = 150\text{ mA}$ , $U_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$ :                        | B                                       | =             | 20                                |
| <b>Transit-Frequenz</b>                                                      |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $U_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$ , $-I_E = 100\text{ mA}$ :                        | $f_T$                                   | =             | 210 MHz                           |
| <b>Kollektorkapazität</b>                                                    |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $U_{CB} = 28\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ :                | $C_{22b}$                               | =             | $7(\leq 12)\text{ pF}$            |
| bei $U_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ :                | $C_{22b}$                               | =             | $7(\leq 12)\text{ pF}$            |
| <b>Rückwirkungs-Zeitkonstante</b>                                            |                                         |               |                                   |
| bei $U_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$ , $-I_E = 30\text{ mA}$ , $f = 10,7\text{ MHz}$ : | $\left  \frac{h_{12b}}{2\pi f} \right $ | =             | $18(\leq 35)\text{ ps}$           |

Kleinsignal-Koeffizienten bei  $U_{CB} = 24\text{ V}$ ,  $-I_E = 150\text{ mA}$ ,  $f = 180\text{ MHz}$ :

|                           |                            |                           |                            |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| $g_{11e} = 96\text{ mS}$  | $g_{11b} = 48\text{ mS}$   | $g_{22b} = 4,3\text{ mS}$ | $ y_{21b}  = 98\text{ mS}$ |
| $-b_{11e} = 36\text{ mS}$ | $-b_{11b} = 135\text{ mS}$ | $b_{22b} = 15\text{ mS}$  | $\varphi_{21b} = 62^\circ$ |

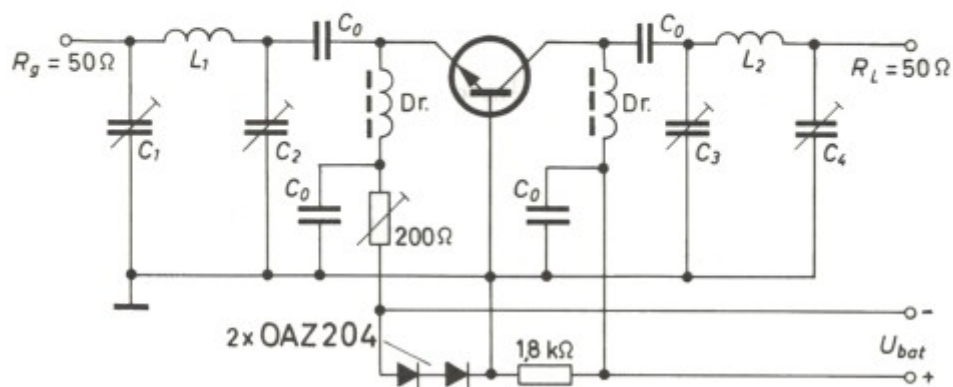


<sup>+) AQL = 0,65 %</sup>

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HF-Leistungsverstärker,  $f = 100$  bzw.  $180$  MHz:



$f = 100$  MHz

$C_0$ : 3,3 nF  
 $C_1, C_2, C_4$ :  $\leq 25$  pF + 22 pF  
 $C_3$ :  $\leq 25$  pF

$L_1$ : 2 Wdgn. 1,0 CuL, 12 mm  $\emptyset$   
 $L_2$ : 3,5 Wdgn. 1,0 CuL, 12 mm  $\emptyset$

$f = 180$  MHz

1 nF  
 $\leq 25$  pF  
 $\leq 25$  pF

1 Wdgn. 1,2 CuL, 12 mm  $\emptyset$   
 2 Wdgn. 1,2 CuL, 12 mm  $\emptyset$

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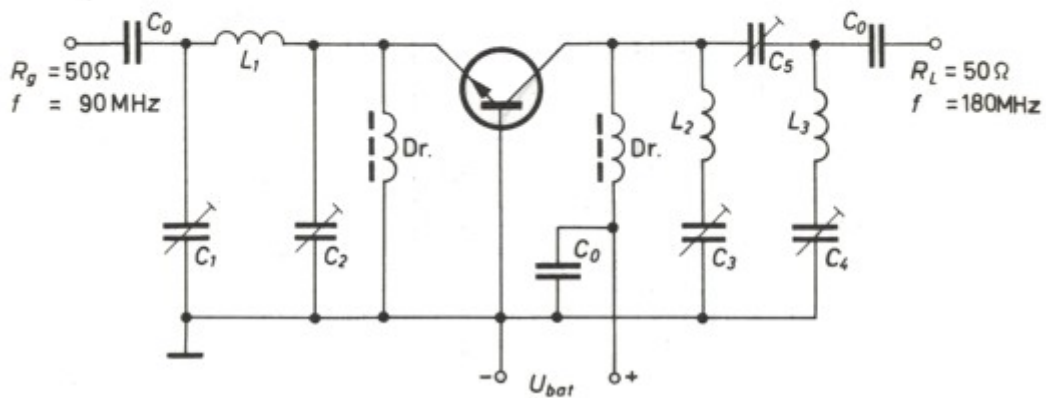
|           |   |                    |     |
|-----------|---|--------------------|-----|
| $f$       | = | 180                | MHz |
| $U_{bat}$ | = | 40                 | V   |
| $I_C$     | = | 107                | mA  |
| $P_1$     | = | 425                | mW  |
| $P_2$     | = | 2,1 ( $\geq 1,7$ ) | W   |
| $V_P$     | = | 7 ( $\geq 6$ )     | dB  |
| $\eta$    | = | 50 ( $\geq 40$ )   | %   |



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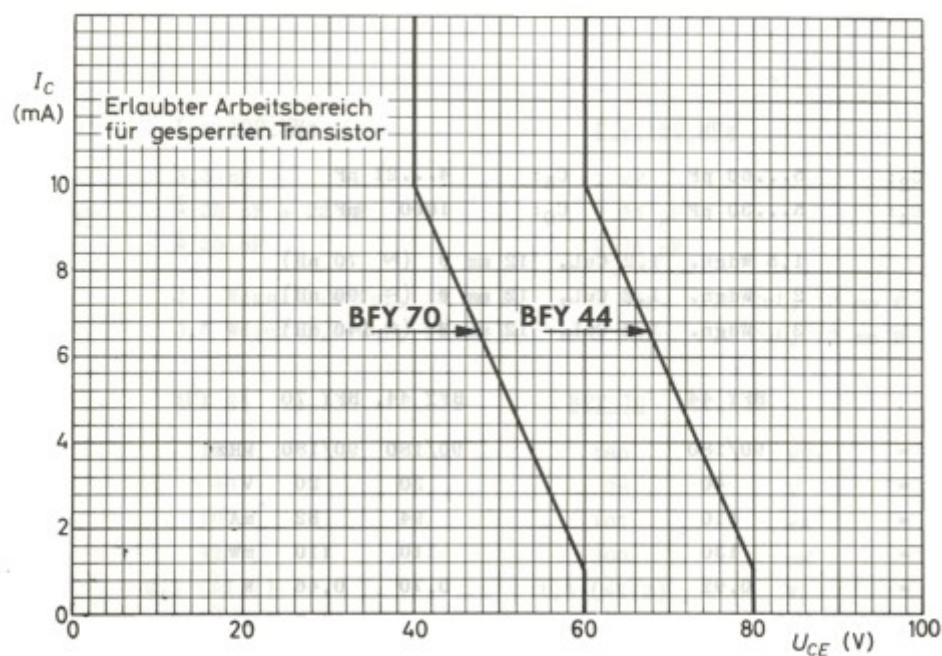
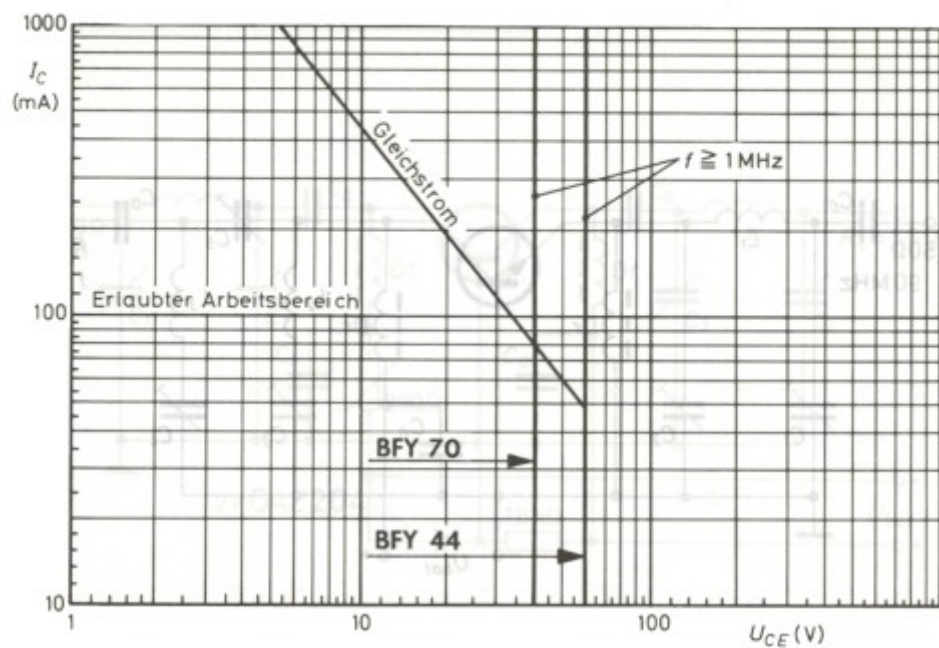
Frequenzverdoppler von  $f = 90 \text{ MHz}$  auf  $f = 180 \text{ MHz}$ :

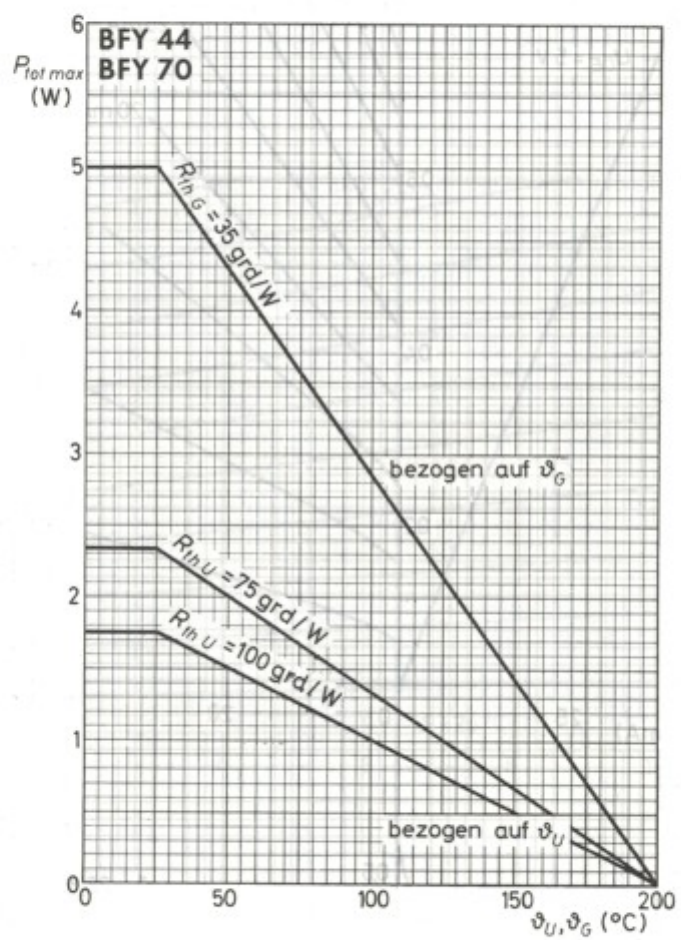


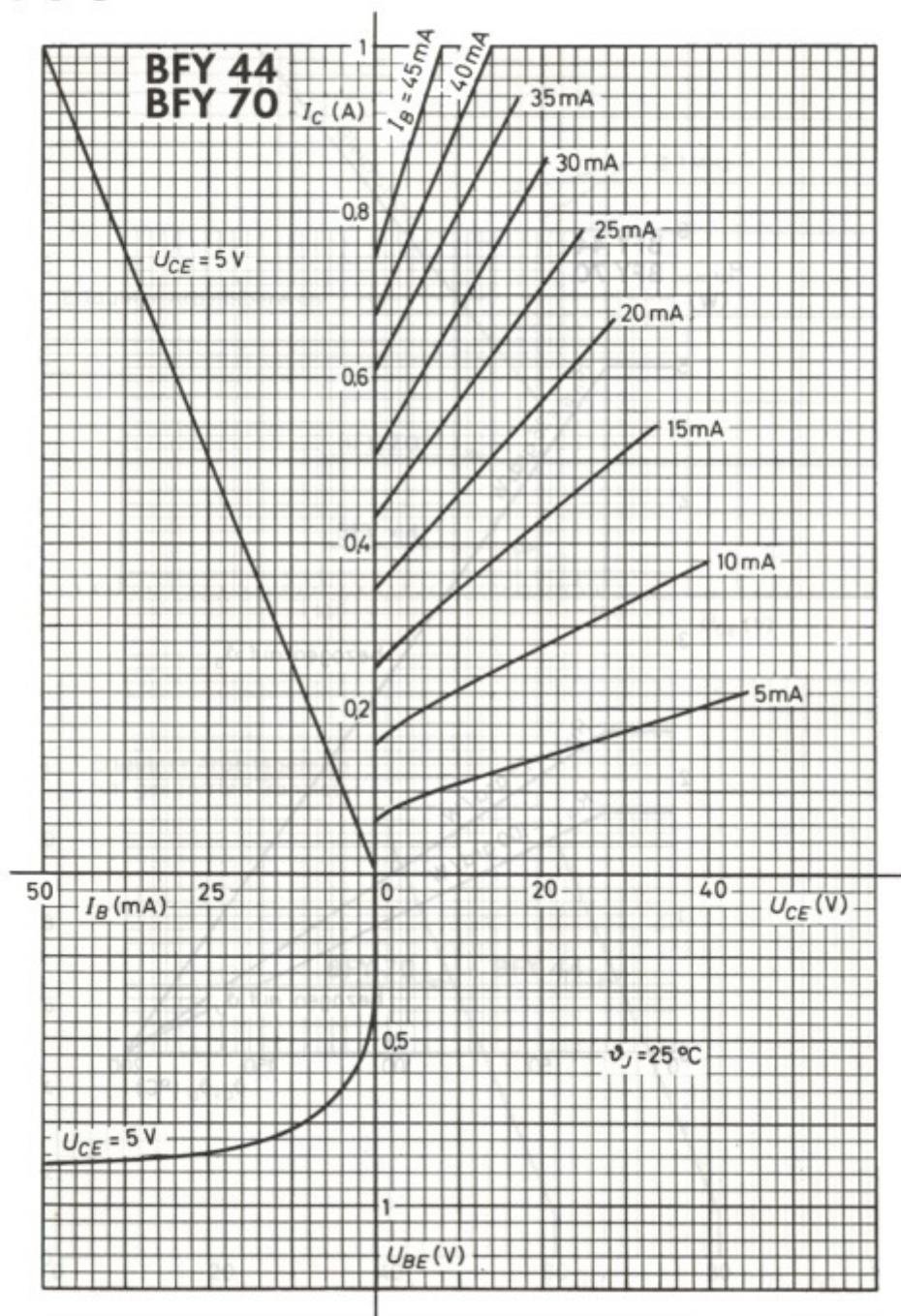
|             |                                                                    |        |           |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| $C_1, C_2:$ | 5...60 pF                                                          | $C_5:$ | 4...21 pF |
| $C_3, C_4:$ | 5...30 pF                                                          | $C_0:$ | 1000 pF   |
| $L_1:$      | 1,5 Wdgn. 1,2 CuL, 12 mm $\varnothing$ ( $\approx 70 \text{ nH}$ ) |        |           |
| $L_2:$      | 2 Wdgn. 1,2 CuL, 12 mm $\varnothing$ ( $\approx 90 \text{ nH}$ )   |        |           |
| $L_3:$      | 3 Wdgn. 1,2 CuL, 12 mm $\varnothing$ ( $\approx 140 \text{ nH}$ )  |        |           |

|           | BFY 44   | BFY 44, BFY 70 |        |     |
|-----------|----------|----------------|--------|-----|
| $f$       | = 90/180 | 90/180         | 90/180 | MHz |
| $U_{bat}$ | = 40     | 30             | 20     | V   |
| $I_C$     | = 110    | 94             | 82     | mA  |
| $P_1$     | = 130    | 110            | 110    | mW  |
| $P_2$     | = 0,92   | 0,70           | 0,46   | W   |
| $V_p$     | = 8,5    | 8              | 6,2    | dB  |
| $\eta$    | = 21     | 25             | 28     | %   |

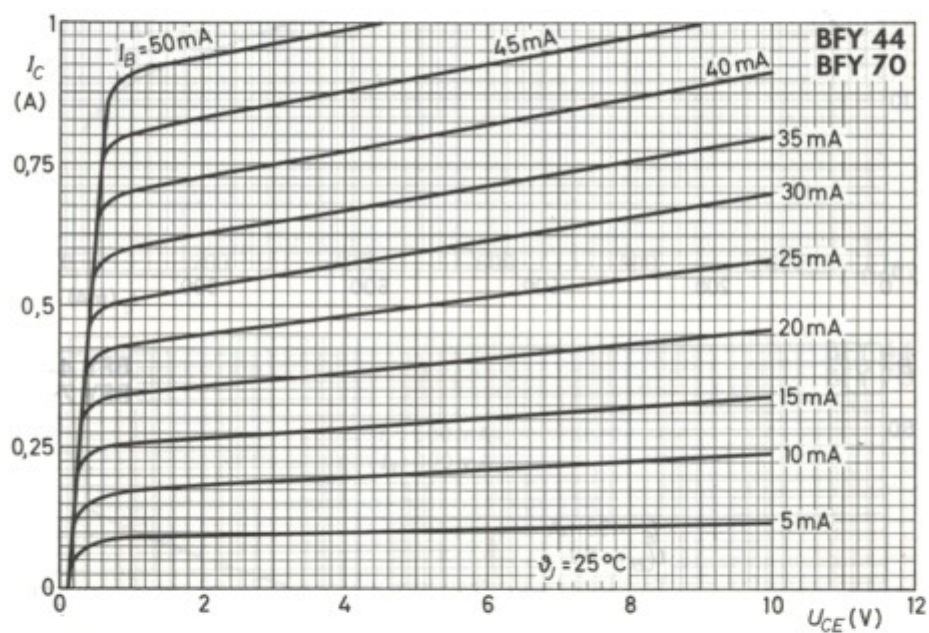


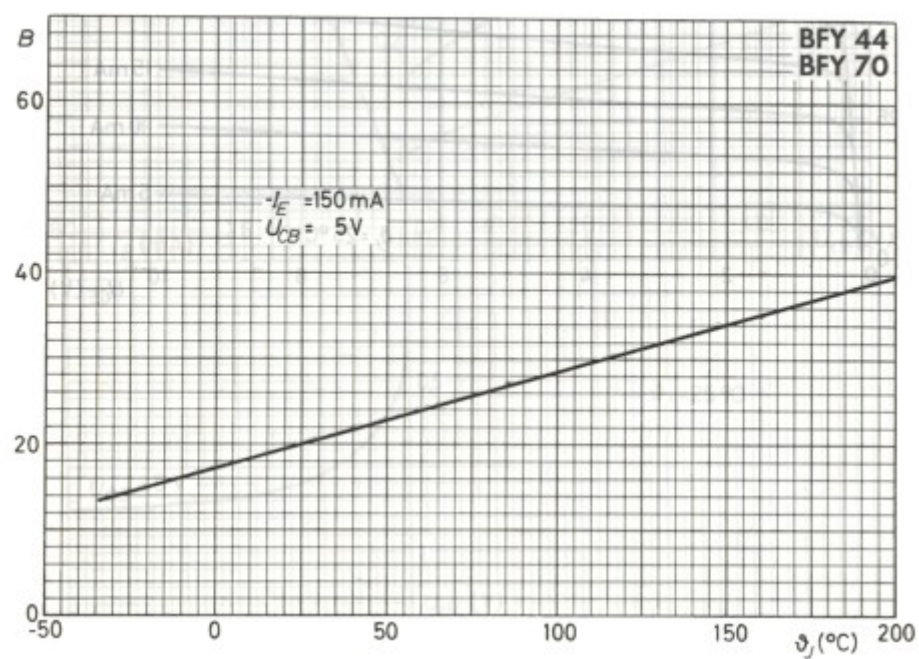
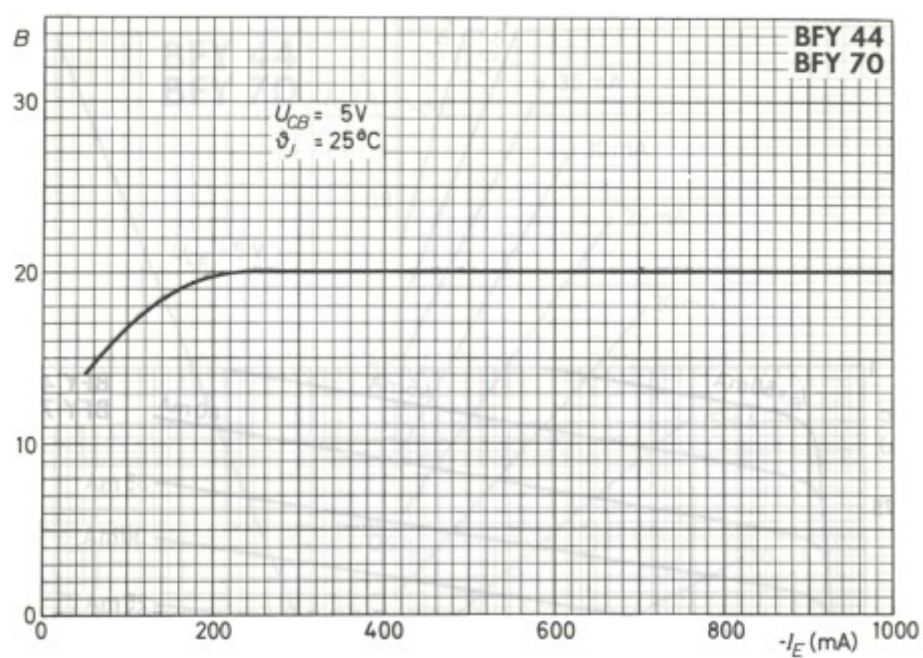
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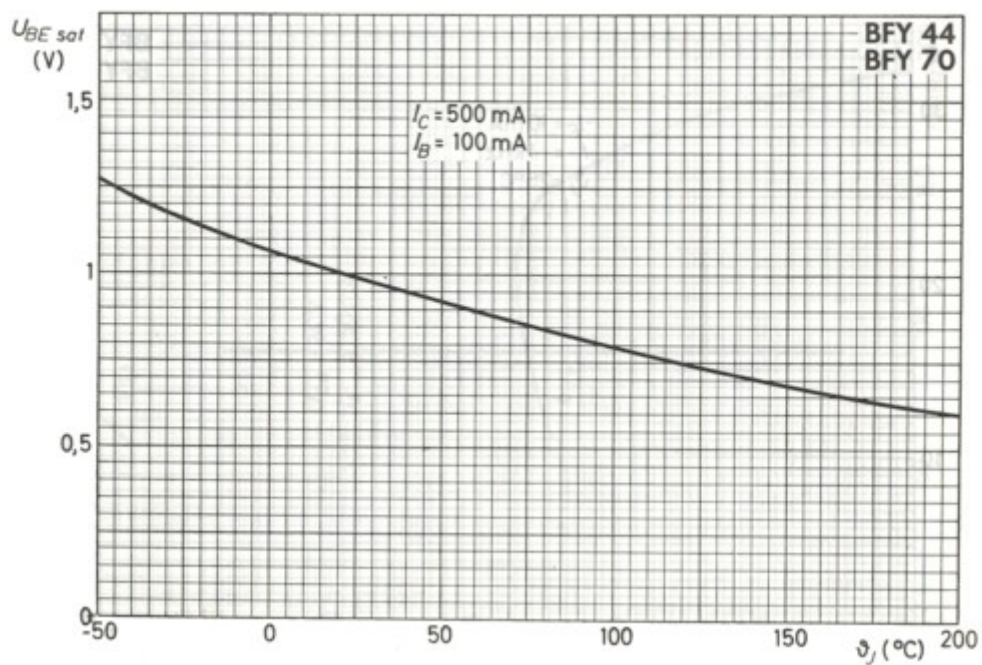
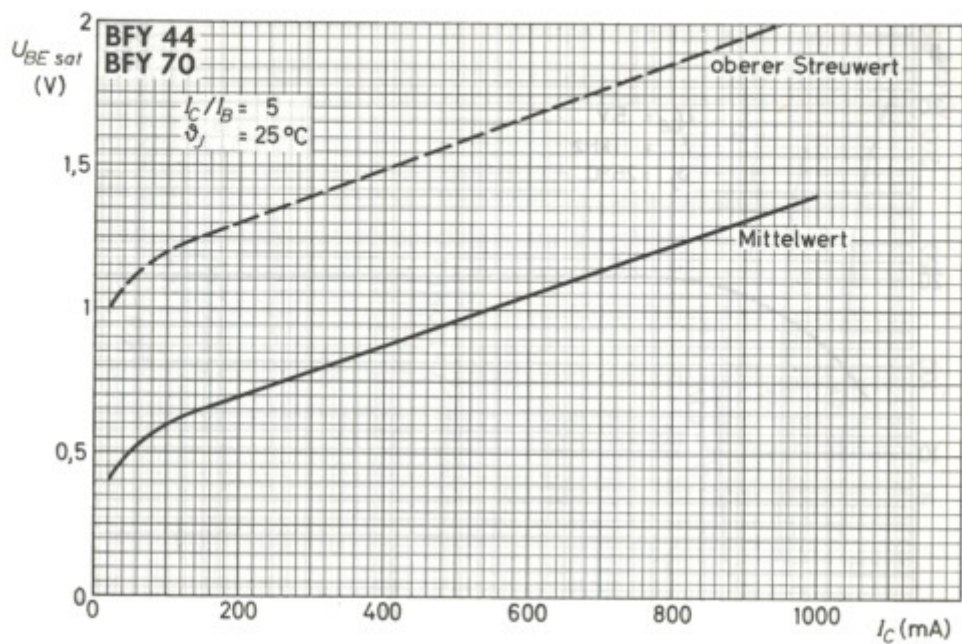
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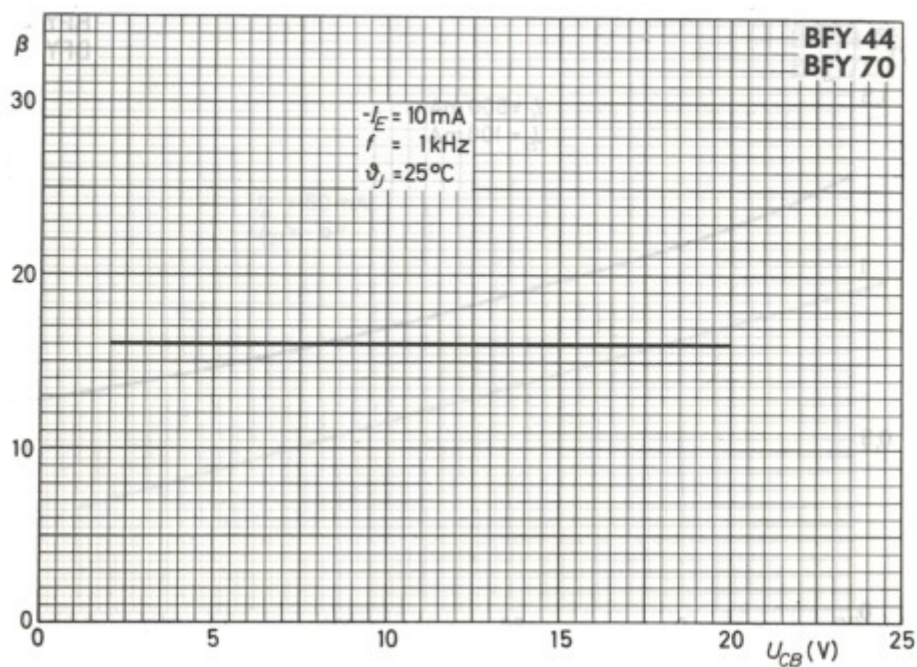
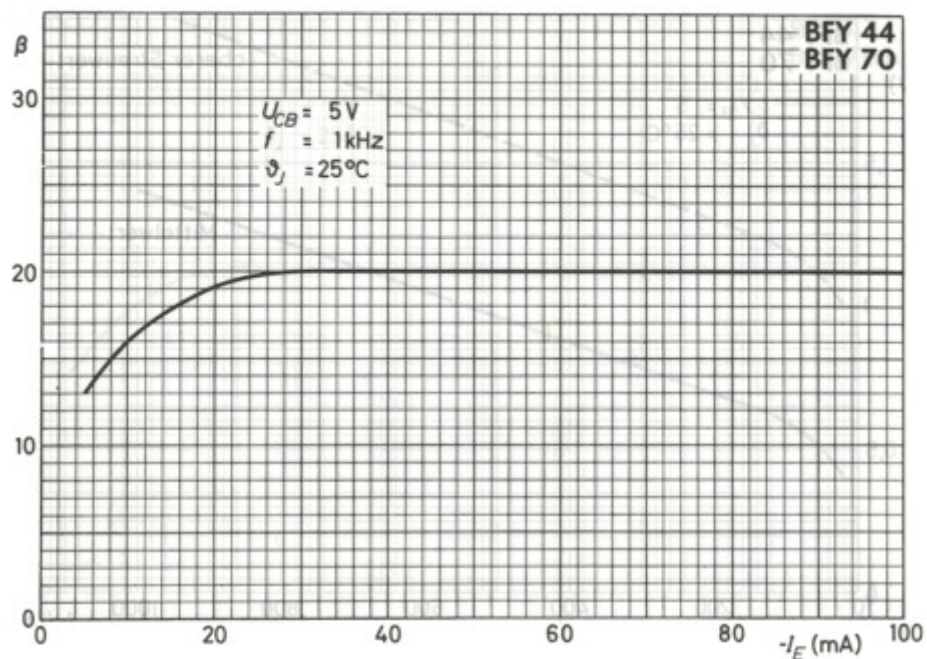
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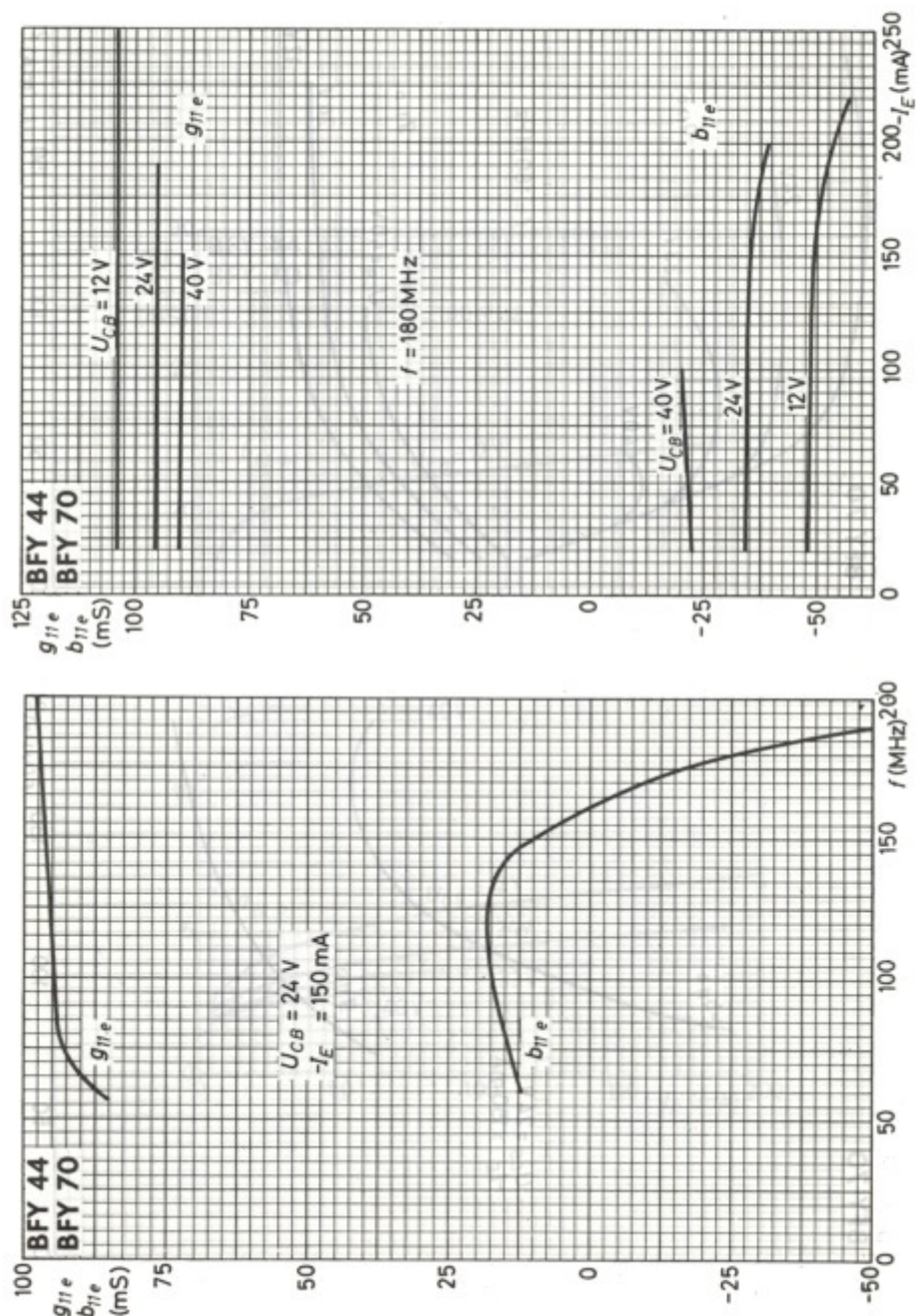
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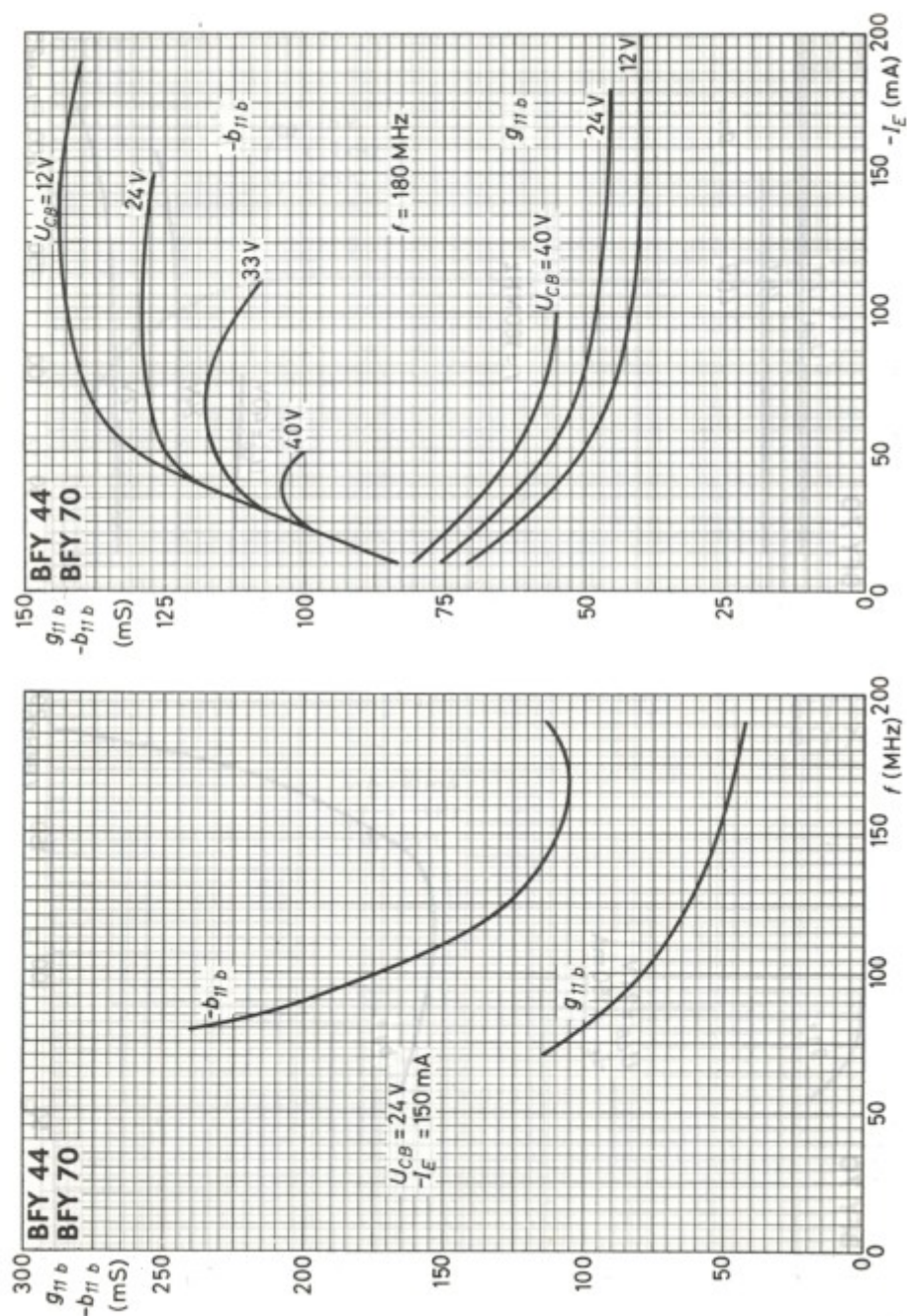
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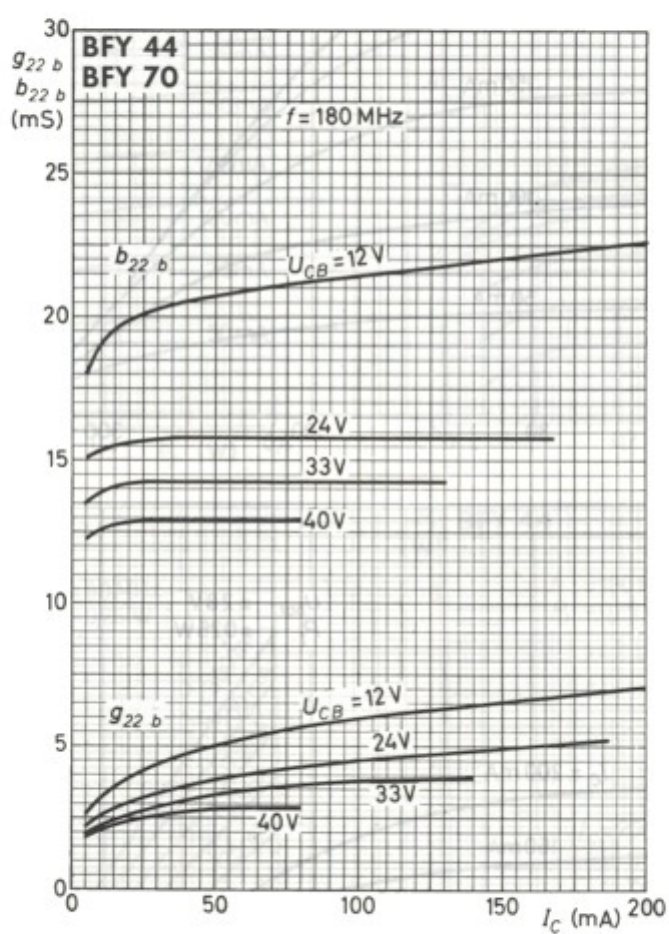


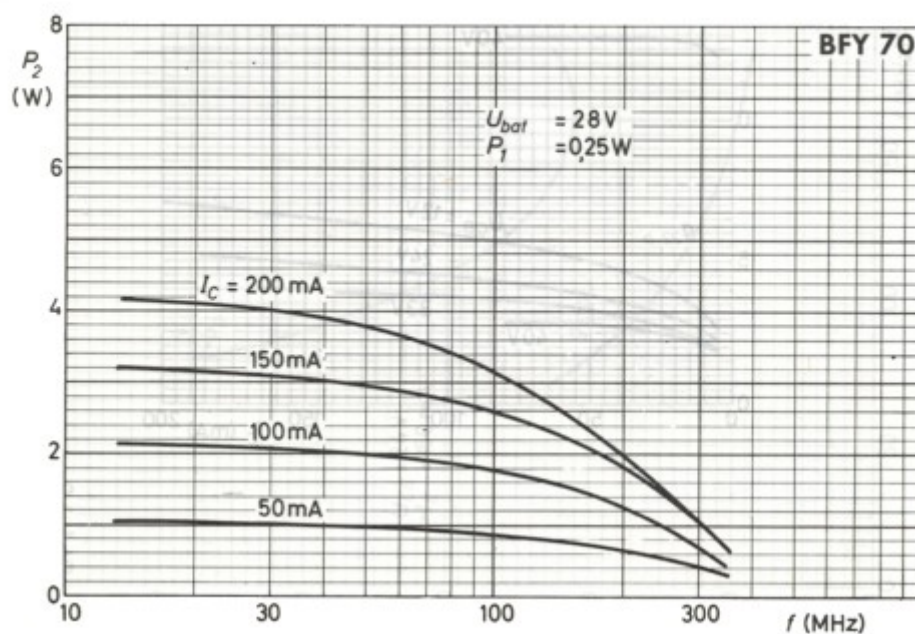
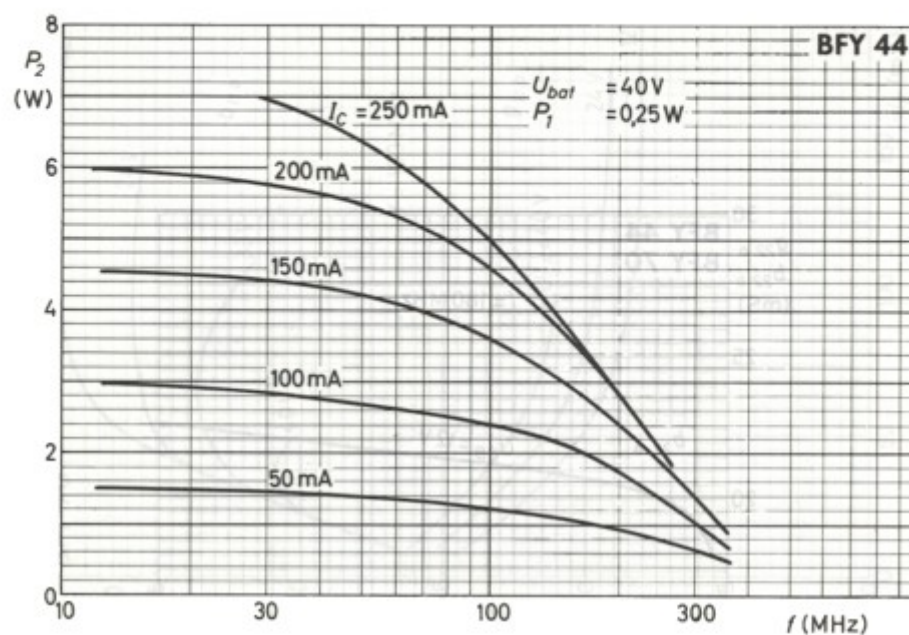
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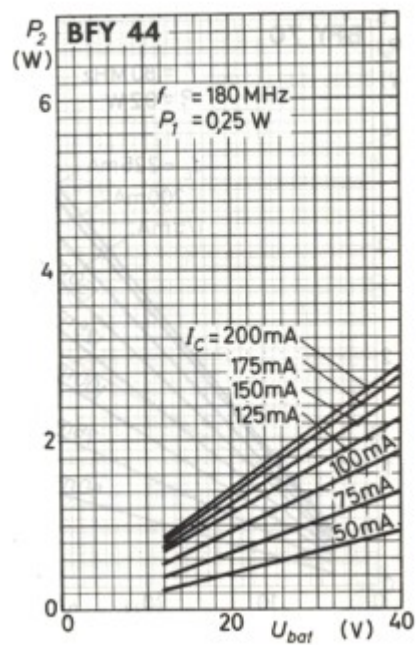
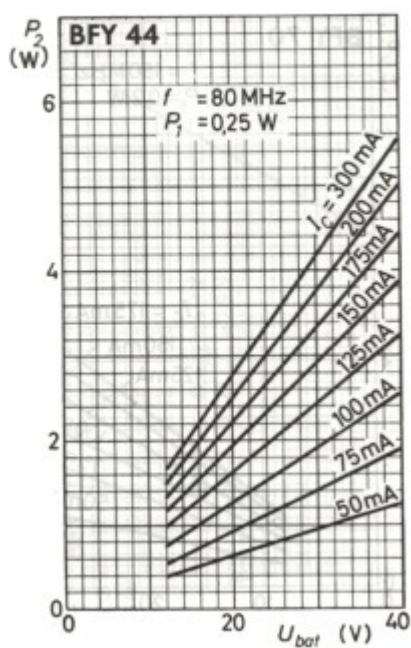
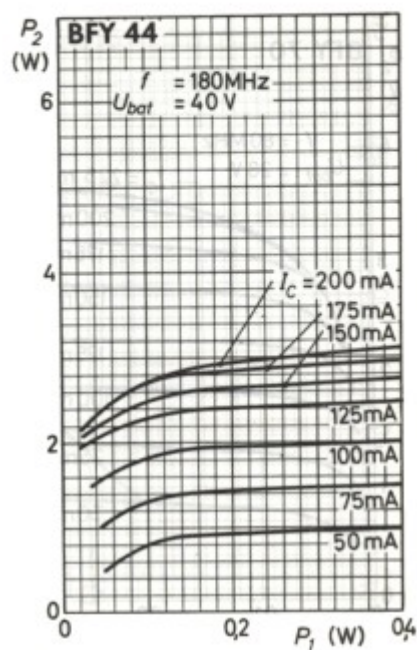
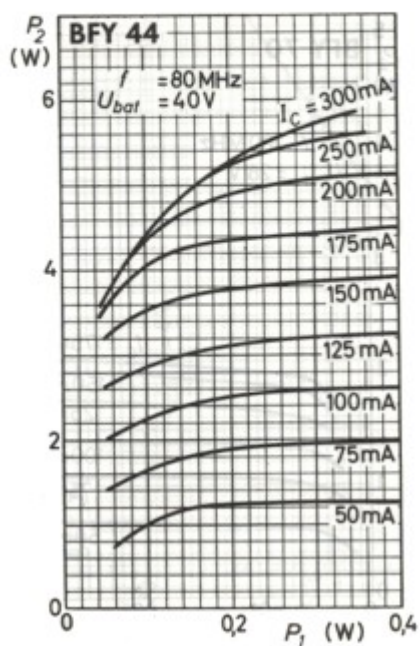
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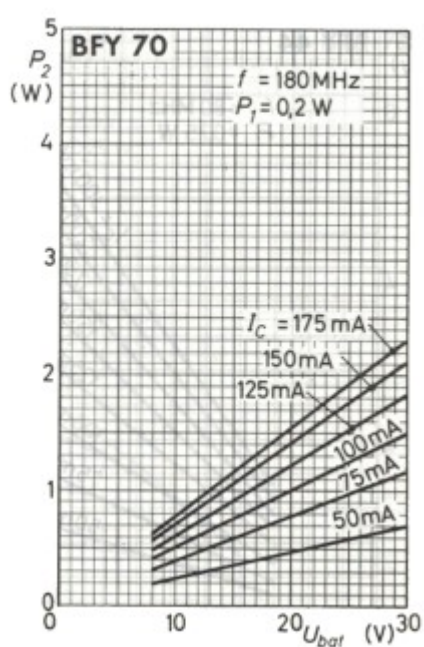
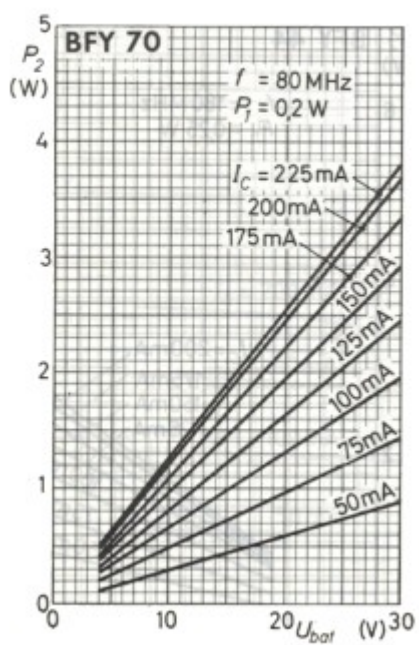
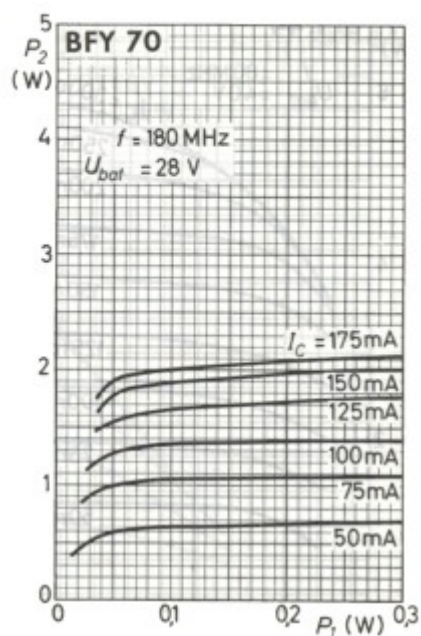
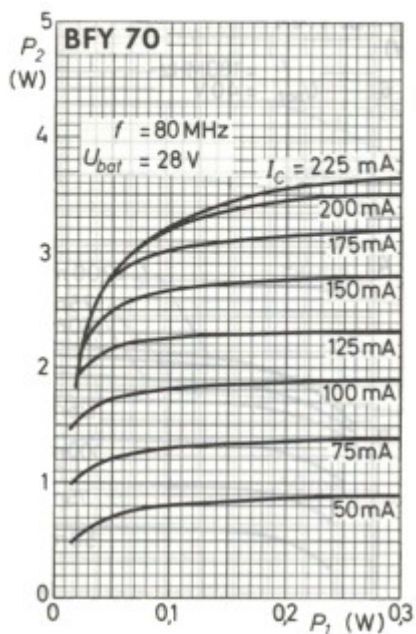


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